



Online consumer transactions and redress: A comparison with EU and SA consumer protection

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### Introduction

- Lagarde, 1999: "Le consommateur est un personnage très ancien, car depuis qu'il y a des hommes, il y a bien sur des consommateurs".
- The 21st century consumer lives and acts in the world of cookies and apps, of online shopping, of e-payments and e-invoicing, of e-commerce and e-signatures.
- The consumer of today spends a lot of his time in this virtual place called "Internet" that is full of attractive advertising offering a variety of products, goods and services that are just a mouse click away.

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### Online consumer transactions – Risks & Issues

• Example: imagine a consumer searching for the right product on the World Wide Web. Unaware of the threats awaiting him on the digital market, this consumer "surfs the net", and even before entering a legal transaction he gives his personal data over to numerous traders whose websites he visits or registers on. In case that he orders a product *online*, not only does he have to rely on the description offered on the trader's website, the consumer never knows if he is going to receive what he has paid for.

















Info	rmed	cho	Nico.



- John F. KENNEDY, Special Message to the Congress on Protecting the Consumer Interest:
- "The right to be informed to be protected against fraudulent, deceitful, or grossly misleading information, advertising, labelling, or other practices, and to be given the facts he needs to make an informed choice."
- Judgement of 21 April 2016, C-377/14, Radlinger and Radlingerová, EU:C:2016:283:
- "information, before and at the time of concluding a contract, on the terms of the contract and the consequences of concluding it is of fundamental importance for a consumer"

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### EU Digital Single Market

- A Digital Single Market Strategy for Europe, COM(2015) 192 final:
- the "one in which the free movement of goods, persons, services and capital is ensured and where individuals and businesses can seamlessly access and exercise online activities under conditions of fair competition, and a high level of consumer and personal data protection, irrespective of their nationality or place of residence"



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### Online Sales and Services Contract

- Regulation (EU) No 524/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 May 2013 on online dispute resolution for consumer disputes, Article 4(1)(e):
- "sales or service contract where the trader, or the trader's intermediary, has offered goods or services on a website or by other electronic means and the consumer has ordered such goods or services on that website or by other electronic means".

## Internet – The place where traders offer and consumers buy online

- E-Commerce Directive
- recital 21:"only requirements relating to on-line activities such as on-line information, on-line advertising, on-line shopping, on-line contracting"
- Art. 6(a) and (b): commercial communications
- Art. 6(c) and (d): promotional offers (e.g. discounts, premiums, gifts) and promotional competitions or games
- Arts. 10 and 11: form and conclusion of contracts by electronic means

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## *Internet* – The place where traders offer and consumers buy online

- Consumer Rights Directive
- Arts. 2(5) and (6): domestic and cross-border sales and service contracts
- Art. 2(7): 'distance contract' "any contract concluded between the trader and the consumer under an organised distance sales or service-provision scheme without the simultaneous physical presence of the trader and the consumer, with the exclusive use of one or more means of distance communication up to and including the time at which the contract is concluded"
- Art. 6(1): pre-contractual information
- Art. 6(9): the burden of proof
- Arts. 9-16: right of withdrawal

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## CJEU case law • Judgement of 5 July 2012, C-49/11, Content Services, EU:C:2012:419 • Judgement of 3 September 2009, C-489/07, Messner, EU:C:2009:502 • Judgement of 15 April 2010, C-511/08, Heinrich Heine, EU:C:2010:189 • Judgement of 28 July 2016, C-191/15, Verein für Konsumenteninformation, EU:C:2016:612

### CJEU case law



- Judgement of 5 July 2012, C-49/11, Content Services, EU:C:2012:419:
- Para. 33: In a process of transmission of information, it is not necessary for the recipient of the information to take any particular action. By contrast, where a link is sent to a consumer, he must act in order to acquaint himself with the information in question and he must, in any event, click on that link.
- Para. 50: It should be held, therefore, that a website such as that in question in the main proceedings, the information on which is accessible to consumers via a link provided by the seller, cannot be regarded as a 'durable medium'

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### Online consumer transactions -EU Legal Framework

- Directive (EU) 2019/770 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 on certain aspects concerning contracts for the supply of digital content and digital services, OJ L 136/, 22.05.2019.
  Directive (EU) 2019/771 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 on certain aspects concerning contracts for the sale of goods, amending Regulation (EU) 2017/394 and Directive 2009/22/EC, and repealing Directive 1999/44/EC, OJ L 136, 22.05.2019.
- Regulation (EU) 2019/1150 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on promoting fairness and transparency for business users of online intermediation services, 0.1 L 186, 11.07.2019.

  Directive (EU) 2019/2161 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 amending Council Directive 93/14/EEC and Directives 98/6/EC, 2005/29/EC and 2011/83/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the better enforcement and modernisation of Union consumer protection rules, 011 328, 18.12.2019

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### The Digital Services Act package

- "As part of the European Digital Strategy, the European Commission has announced a Digital Services Act package to strengthen the Single Market for digital services and foster innovation and competitiveness of the European online environment.
- The new Digital Services Act package should modernise the current legal framework for digital services by means of two main pillars:
  - the Commission would propose clear rules framing the responsibilities of digital services
- to address the risks faced by thei<mark>r users</mark> and to protect their rights
  the Digital Services Act package would propose ex ante rules covering large online
  platforms acting as gatekeepers"
- Available at: https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/digital-services-act thpackage

### Digital services act European added value assessment

- Digital services act, European added value assessment, EPRS, October 2020:
  - "assessment identifies 22 main gaps and risks that currently affect provision of online services in the EU and proposes policy solutions to address these shortcomings
  - number of gaps and risks that negatively impact provision of digital services in the internal market These issues include:

    - fragmentation of national regulation within the EU
       weak enforcement and cooperation between Member States
    - differing Member State rules on protection of consumers and businesses using digital services
    - · market entry barriers
  - suggests that taking common EU action to enhance consumer protection and common e-commerce rules, as well as to create a framework for content management and curation that guarantees business competitiveness and protection of rights and freedoms, would potentially add at least €76 billion to EU gross domestic product between 2020 and 2030"

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Looking at the past 10 years, other Eurostat data (see Figure 1) show the development of retail trade and digital means driven retail sales." The annual growth of the latter exceeded 14% between 2014 and 2020, whereas retail trade anleved just about 196. about 1%.
In 2019 e-commerce sales totalled approximately €621 billion with a growth expectation in 2020 or around €771 billion. \*\* Although from 2015 to 2019 e-commerce-related retail sales increased steadily, the mid- and long-term effects of the coronavirus pandemic remain to be seen. \*\*

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### Solving a B2C Dispute: Rather Online than Offline

- Alternative Dispute Resolution Directive
  - Art. 2(1): "procedures for the out-of-court resolution of domestic and cross-border disputes concerning contractual obligations stemming from sales contracts or service contracts between a trader established in the Union and a consumer resident in the Union through the intervention of an ADR entity which proposes or imposes a solution or brings the parties together with the aim of facilitating an amicable solution".
  - Art. 2(3): the goal of "harmonised quality requirements for ADR entities and ADR procedures" is to ensure that "consumers have access to high-quality, transparent, effective and fair out-of-court redress mechanisms no matter where they reside in the Union".
- Online Dispute Resolution Regulation



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## Online consumer transactions — SA Legal Framework • Significant increase in e-commerce and online consumer transactions (even pre-Covid) in Africa and South Africa (SA) • 24.79 Million Online Shoppers By 2021 [https://learning.eshopworld.com/ecommerce-blog/south-africa-ecommerce-insights-2017/) • Covid19 has changed online purchasing forever. 2020 has brought about 37% increase in online transactions in SA and still rising as suppliers and consumers discover new ways to do business due to government restrictions in movement and social distancing • Boost in consumer confidence but also more opportunities for unfair commercial practices • However: large percentage in consumer market vulnerable • Limited resources and access OR • Forced to engage online but uninformed or not "e-commerce savvy"

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# Online consumer transactions — SA Legal Framework • LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK • Dependant on type of consumer goods & services and sector: • Financial Services Sector & Insurance • Introduction of Twin Peals model in SA • Financial Sector Regulation Act 2017 • Conduct of Financial Institutions (CoFI) Bill & TCF (Treating Customers Fairly) • Insurance Act 2017 • General Consumer Protection Law (broad scope of application) • Electronic Communications and Transactions Act 2002 (ECTA) • Consumer Protection Act 2008 (CPA) • Protection of Personal Information Act (2013) • Court decisions: minimal due to consensual and alternative dispute resolution framework

### Online consumer transactions -SA Legal Framework: Relevant legislative provisions

- Duty to Inform

  - Minimum info on website (s 43 ECTA)
     Cooling-off right/ right to cancel (s 44 ECTA; s 16 CPA)
- Plain and understandable language (s 22 CPA)
- Delivery of goods (s 19 CPA)
- Returns and Refunds (ss 20, 55 & 56).
- Unconscionable conduct and False, misleading & deceptive representations (ss 40 and 41 CPA Unfair Commercial Practices)
- Over-selling and Over-booking (s 47 CPA)
- Unfair terms (ss 48 and 49 CPA)

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### Online consumer transactions -SA Legal Framework: Relevant legislative provisions

- Protection of Personal Information and Data Privacy
  - Problematic up to date.
  - Many loopholes.

  - Difficult to track and enforce.
    POPI Act came into force July 2020 to address issues.
    Align SA with other jurisdictions: EU GDPR; US California Consumer Privacy Act; India Data Privacy Law etc.
  - Personal Information of Consumer captured on website
     Lawfully processed

  - Consumer has right to know and consent

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### Online consumer transactions – SA Legal Framework

- INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

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   ICASA (Independent Communications Authority of South Africa)
   BROADCASTING; LICENSING; ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION; POSTAL SERVICES
   Record for ealine transactions: Service Providers of Electronic Communications (cell pine Communications (cell pine Communications)
   Consumer protection
   South Communications (cell pine Communications)
   CIGSO (Consumer Goods and Services and international roaming services)
   Very troad mandate
   Also overlap with ICASA
   NCC (National Consumer Fotection
   Systemic issues
   Provincial Consumer Protection
   Systemic issues
   Provincial Consumer Protection Authorities
   Information Regulator (Data Privacy)
   Prescribed routes of redress in terms of section 69 of the CPA Court las Prescribed routes of redress in terms of section 69 of the CPA – Court last option



## Online consumer transactions – SA Legal Framework Safe.Shop

- INDUSTRY AND SELF-REGULATION
- Advertising Regulatory Board
- Online marketing and Social Media Marketing
- E-commerce Forum of SA (EFSA)
  - Safe.Shop Trustmark
- WASPA (Wireless Application Service Providers' Association)

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### Thank you

